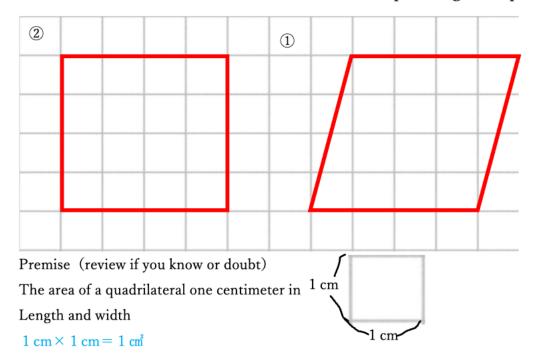
#### I Write dates, name and today's goal

Example) 1/1/2024

Today's goal

Let's find the area of a quadrilateral and a parallelogram!

### II Let's 1think how to find the area of two shape using the squares!



- ① There are 16 squares of  $1 \times 1$  cm=1 cm² in the rectangle of ①. Therefore, the area of ① is  $1 \text{ cm}^2 \times 16 \text{ (piece)} = 16 \text{ cm}^2$ . cm
- ② There are 12 rectangles of  $1 \times 1$  cm=1 cm<sup>2</sup>, and if you put the other triangles together, there are 4, so 12 + 4 = 16 cm<sup>2</sup>

\*This place is basically good to share the answer

## III How to think? Square

There are 16 squares of 1 cm  $\times$  1 cm=1 cm². So, the area of ① is

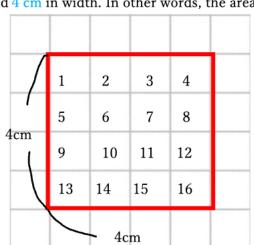
 $1 \text{ cm}^2 \times 16 \text{ (piece)} = 16 \text{ cm}^2$ 

This area of 16 cm² is the same value as 16 cm² by 4 cm in length and 4 cm in width. In other words, the area of

a square can be found by the product of vertical × horizontal

$$4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ cm}^2$$

Answer, 16 cm<sup>2</sup>



## IV How to think? Parallelogram

If you cut out one parallelogram triangle and attach it to the other triangle, the rectangle is formed. Therefore, the area of a parallelogram is equal to the area of a rectangle. From the above, you can find area by standing up like a square.

\*The condition is that the vertical length is 90° to the horizontal length.

you can find area by standing up like a square.   

$$%$$
The condition is that the vertical length is 90° to the horizontal length.   
 $4 \times 4 = 16 \text{ cm}^2$ 

Answer 16 cm<sup>2</sup>

#### V Point

Summary so far

```
quadrilateral formula
(A)cm\times(B)cm
parallelogram formula
( A )cm\times( B )cm
```

# VI Practice

# Answers

- ①  $6 \text{ cm} \times 3 \text{ cm} = 18 \text{ cm}^2$
- $2 \text{ 8 cm} \times 5 \text{ cm} = 40 \text{ cm}^2$